

## NAME OF THE SUBJECT

### PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

MODULE	CONTENT	YEAR	TERM	CREDITS	TYPE
CHEMISTRY	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY	2 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>th</sup>	6	Compulsory
LECTURER(S)			Postal address, telephone n <sup>o</sup> , e-mail address		
José María Álvarez Pez Alberto Hernández Gainza Ángel Orte Gutiérrez Bartolomé Quintero Osso Eva María Talavera Rodríguez			Department of Physical Chemistry. Faculty of Pharmacy, 2 <sup>th</sup> and 3 <sup>th</sup> floor, zone B, Offices # 193, 195, 197, 199 and 202. Correo electrónico: <a href="mailto:jalvarez@ugr.es">jalvarez@ugr.es</a> , <a href="mailto:bqosso@ugr.es">bqosso@ugr.es</a> , <a href="mailto:mccabeza@ugr.es">mccabeza@ugr.es</a> , <a href="mailto:ahgainza@ugr.es">ahgainza@ugr.es</a> , <a href="mailto:femartin@ugr.es">femartin@ugr.es</a> and <a href="mailto:etalaver@ugr.es">etalaver@ugr.es</a>		
DEGREE WITHIN WHICH THE SUBJECT IS TAUGHT					
Pharmacy Degree					
PREREQUISITES and/or RECOMMENDATIONS (if necessary)					
Proper knowledge about: - Maths - General Chemistry - Basic Physics and Physical Chemistry					
BRIEF ACCOUNT OF THE SUBJECT PROGRAMME (ACCORDING TO THE DEGREE ¿??)					
<p><b>1. Phase equilibria in multi-component systems.</b>            Equilibrium liquid-vapor in ideal solutions: diagrams pressure-composition and temperature-composition. Fractional distillation. Liquid-vapor equilibrium in real solutions. Azeotropic solutions. Liquid-liquid equilibrium. Solid-liquid equilibrium. Eutectic mixtures. Solubility.</p> <p><b>2. Surface phenomena.</b>            Surface and interfacial tension. Thermodynamics of surfaces. Gibbs' adsorption isotherm. Substances with superficial activity. Monolayers, micelles, reverse micelles, microemulsions, bilayers lipid membranes, and vesicles.</p> <p><b>3. Adsorption on solids.</b>            Gas adsorption on solids. Physisorption and chemisorption. Adsorption isotherms: Freundlich, Langmuir and BET.</p> <p><b>4. Colloids and macromolecules.</b></p>					



Classification. Colloidal systems. Colloids thermodynamically unstable. Emulsions. HLB scale. Foams and aerosols. Colloids thermodynamically stable. Colloids of association. Macromolecular solutions. Synthetic polymers. Biopolymers. Averages molecular mass. Molecular interactions. Interaction with water.

#### **5. Properties of colloidal and macromolecular systems.**

Osmotic properties: Osmotic pressure. Dialysis and filtration. Donnan effect. Electrical properties: electrical double layer. Electrokinetic phenomena. Chemical equilibrium in macromolecular systems.

#### **6. Transport phenomena.**

General characteristics. Concept of flow. Classification of transport phenomena. Thermal conductivity. Viscosity. Newtonian fluids. Rheology. Translational friction coefficient. Non-Newtonian fluids. Intrinsic viscosity. Diffusion. Fick's laws. Transport under centrifugal forces. Sedimentation. Svedberg's equation. Sedimentation equilibrium. Electrical conductivity and molar conductivity. Kohlraush's law.

#### **7. Chemical kinetics (I).**

Reaction rates. Equation rate. Kinetics rate constant. Order and molecularity. Analysis of experimental kinetic data. Integration method. Differential method. Formal kinetic of the simplest reactions.

#### **8. Chemical kinetics (II).**

Complex reactions. Rate equations and reaction mechanisms. Limiting step and the steady-state approach. Kinetic models: mono-compartmental and bi-compartmental. Application of the kinetic basis to the process of absorption, delivery and elimination of drugs.

#### **9. Molecular kinetics.**

Influence of temperature on the reaction rate: Arrhenius' equation. The collisions theory. The transition state theory: potential energy surfaces.

#### **10. Catalysis.**

General mechanism of catalysis. Homogeneous catalysis. Acid-base catalysis. Heterogeneous catalysis. Biocatalysis. Kinetics of enzymatic reactions. Michaelis-Menten's equation. Inhibition of enzymatic catalysis.

#### **11. Electrochemistry.**

Electrochemical systems. Thermodynamics of electrochemical processes. Galvanic cells. Daniell's cell. Nernst's equation. Types of electrodes. Normal electrode potentials. Classification of galvanic cells. Applications of the f.e.m. measurements.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR ABILITIES

OBJECTIVES (EXPRESSED IN TERMS OF EXPECTED RESULTS OF THE TEACHING PROGRAMME)

DETAILED SUBJECT SYLLABUS



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READING
RECOMMENDED INTERNET LINKS

